

# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 19 - NO. 30

THOMAS TIGAR,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets,  
Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars  
Fifty Cents at the end of six Months; or Three  
Dollars at the end of one Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid  
up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square  
of Two Inches, for Six Weeks, and half that  
rate for subsequent insertion.

A liberal allowance is made to those who advertise by  
the year.

**JOB PRINTING.**

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and  
on the most reasonable terms.

**General Insurance Agency.**

**FORT WAYNE, IND.**

**ETNA FIRE & MARINE INS. CO.**

10th Street—Corner—Capital \$500,000.

**MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. CO.**

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—Capital \$100,000.

**STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. CO.**

Ogdensburg, N.Y.—Capital \$150,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid  
in, and have complied with all the conditions of the  
Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insur-  
ance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees  
to the insured.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.  
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851.

y17.

**ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.**

**JOHN J. GLENN,**

**Attorney-at-Law,**

**FORT WAYNE, IND.**

Office on Calhoun street, over Foellinger's Store.

y13.

**O. M. WILSON,**

**ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC.**

TAXES paid for non-residents, collections made,  
and all business pertaining to other Persons.

Business attended to promptly. AGENT for the  
Pearl Insurance Company.

Capital \$300,000.

Office over Foellinger's Shoe Store, Phoenix's  
Block, Calhoun Street.

y13.

**W. D. CARSON,** Attorney and Counsellor at  
Law.

Office—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under  
the S-martell office.

y13.

**THOMAS MEEGAN,**

**NOTARY PUBLIC,**

Can be seen at the Auditor's Office.

**Fort Wayne, Ind.**

PARTICULAR attention given to the sale and  
purchase of Real Estate, and to the execution  
of Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, &c., and all official  
documents.

y13.

**MEDICAL NOTICES.**

**DR. W. D. STEWART**

WILLING to respectfully announce to the citizens  
of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that he has opened  
a private office, No. 10 Calhoun street, where he  
will continue to practice as a Surgeon.

Residence in a sum of 15th street, two doors  
west of the 24th Presbyterian Church. Office on Calhoun  
street, immediately over the Post Office.

y13.

**DRUG STORE Removed!**

The subscriber has removed his establishment,  
styled **ATCARR'S HALL**, to

No. 3 Calhoun street,

directly opposite the Post Office, where he will be  
happy to serve his old customers, and as many  
new ones as will be glad to call.

The subscriber's name is

**DRUGS,**

French, English and American Chemicals.

Paints, Oils, Glass, Acids,

Dye Works, &c.

**BRANDIES AND WINES**

For foreign imports from our various ports.

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# Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1859

**Who Lost Them?**—A couple of large brass keys, probably store keys, are left at our office, by a gentleman who picked them up on the Wabash Valley Railroad, near the State Line. The owner can have them by applying at this office.

## Democratic Victory in the Legislative Elections!

**Breaking up of the Coalition between the Republicans and the Anti-Leopoldites!**

The joint convention of the Legislators on Friday, the 14th inst., for the election of State Officers, resulted in the election of all the Democratic nominees. Caucuses were held the preceding evening by both parties for the nomination of candidates, and the Rep.icans, confident of success, forced on the election, against the wishes of the Democrats. The Anti-Leopoldites, members who have hitherto acted with the Republicans, forsake their new allies and voted with the Democrats. The result was the election of the Democratic candidates, and the utter and unexpected defeat of the opposition. Though some of the successful candidates are not exactly the men we could have wished, yet the whole we are inclined to be satisfied with the result, as it shows an abandonment of the unholy coalition entered into by certain Democrats with the opposition, and leaves room to hope that all past differences are now forgotten, and hereafter the Democratic party in the State will be united and act as one.

The State Sentinel says:—"The complete success of yesterday we regard as a prestige of success in 1860. To secure a Democratic triumph then, it only requires that past issues should be discarded, and in the future a recognition of the rights of every Democrat to all the privileges and honors of his party.

The successful candidates are all Democrats, and will be found faithfully upholding the Democratic banner. They all possess, too, the Jeffersonian qualifications of capacity, integrity and faithfulness to the Constitution. They will faithfully fulfil the various trusts with credit to themselves and their party, and with honor to the State. We congratulate the Democracy of Indiana on this triumph over Republicanism—a sentiment which will find a responsive echo in the heart of every Democrat. We have obtained not a barren but a fruitful victory. The following is the result of the election in joint convention:

On the first ballot Grafton F. Cokerly, of Vigo county; Thomas M. Brown, of Floyd, and Samuel H. Bushell, of Monroe, were elected Directors of the State Prison.

On the first ballot James R. Bryant, of Marion, was elected State Librarian.

On the sixth ballot Richard Radcliff, of Vandalburg, was elected Trustee of the Wabash and Erie Canal.

On the first ballot Col. John C. Walker, of Lapeer, was elected State Printer.

The name of Aquilla Jones was then withdrawn by Hon. Smith Jones, as a candidate for Agent of State, who substituted therefor that of James A. Craven, of Washington county. Mr. Craven was elected on the first ballot.

A bill having been passed by the Legislature, establishing a board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, on Thursday last, Mr. E. Donmont was elected President, and M. P. Marks, J. F. Carr, B. L. McClelland, and J. A. Benmarad, members of the board of Sinking Fund Commissioners. These gentlemen form the present board, and were all reelected by very decided majorities.

**Legislature.**—A large number of bills have been introduced in both Houses, but as yet few have been passed. A bill prescribing penalties for the issue and circulation of unauthorized paper currency has passed the House. A memorial to the U. S. Senate, setting forth the Republican view of the election of Messrs. Bright & Fitch, and praying the admission of the Logos Senators elected at the extra session, has been adopted by both Houses. Bills for abolishing the Court of Common Pleas—amending the charter of the Bank of the State—regulating and restraining the sale of liquors—repealing the act authorizing the formation of companies for the apprehension of horse thieves—making the charging of unlawful interest a misdemeanor, and various bills on other subjects have been introduced, and referred to appropriate committees.

On Friday in the Senate, Mr. Hamilton offered a resolution, which was adopted, that the Committee on Finance inquire into the expediency of publishing all offices of State holding public money from loaning the same, and also providing by law where the public funds shall be deposited.

**Another Legislative Fare.**—Our present Legislature are great on fares. Not content with the Senatorial fares they enacted at the extra session, they on Wednesday last, in accordance with a joint resolution adopted in joint convention for the purpose of receiving a petition from the ladies of Wayne Co. on the subject of women's rights. The house was filled with ladies, so much so that room was left for the Senators who came to play their part in the farce. The petition was presented by Mrs. Thomas, who read a written address in its favor. Two others of the strong-minded—Mrs. Bushell and Mrs. Cook—also addressed the Legislature. The Senator, then withdrew, but the ladies kept possession; whereupon, a member moved that the House adjourn, and that the meeting resolve itself into a lute fast, which was carried. A lively time now ensued, and many smart things were said, besides, many others that had better been left unsaid.

**For the honor of the women of our State, as well as our Legislature, we hope no more such follies may be tolerated.**

**Bank of the State of Indiana.**

A bill has been introduced into the Legislature, proposing to repeal the charter of the Bank of the State of Indiana. This measure is entirely uncleaned for and improper, and we look upon it as being merely got up to effect and to create political capital. So far as we can judge, the people of the state are entirely satisfied with the Bank; we hear no complaints against it, nor have we noticed any of the papers in the state asking for its abolition. The Bank is probably a good one as can be created, and its managers have the entire confidence of the community. So long as banking in any form is to be tolerated, it would be better to sustain a sound, reliable institution like this, than to subject community to the degradations of the wild-state, either in our own or other states, which would be sure to take its place. The charter of the Bank has been decided by our Supreme Court to be constitutional, and there may be some doubts of the powers of the Legislature to annul the charter, at least without some tangible reasons can be given for such a course, or some evidence shown that the Bank has violated the laws of the state or the provisions of its act of incorporation. No such complaint has been made, and therefore we object to the proposed action of the Legislature. The State Sentinel publishes the opinion of the Supreme Court sustaining the constitutionality of the charter of the Bank, and says:—"The do-

cision was made upon an appeal from the Marion Circuit Court in a suit brought to test the validity of the act of incorporation, and reviews all the points raised which were deemed inconsistent with the Constitution. This opinion of the Court of last resort is important and interesting just now, as the question of a repeal of the charter is raised in the Legislature on account of alleged irregularities, both in the passage of the law incorporating the Bank and in the subsequent organization of the institution under the charter. The Court decides that neither of these objections, or any which were brought to its notice, were sufficient to invalidate the act of incorporation."

## Proposed Abandonment of the Canal.

The Canal Trustees have submitted a report to the Legislature, showing that the revenues of the Canal were not sufficient to keep it in repair. There was a deficiency of \$80,000 last year, and about \$50,000 in 1857. The deficiency for the coming year is estimated at \$75,000. The Trustees say that unless some other provision be made for the support of the canal, as they have no means, it must necessarily be left to go into decay and ruin, and the damage to the whole region of country through which it runs, and to the people along the line, will be irreparable. They adduce to the great property interests which have grown up under and in connection with the canal during nearly twenty years that the large portion of it has been in operation—of a-mills, warehouses, manufacturing boats, &c. &c.

It is said the Trustees have discharged all or most of the employes on the canal, and that unless some aid is afforded by the Legislature the canal will be abandoned. This action has created some excitement along the line of the canal.

That improvement has been of vast importance to the State at large, and was the means of building up all the towns along its banks. To let it go to be abandoned would be ruinous to the best interests of the country along its route, and is as injurious to Fort Wayne. A strong feeling is now existing to sustain the canal if possible, but the question is, how can this be done? The whole country is opposed to the State's taking back the canal, or legislating on the subject, least it might, unawares, be so far committed that the bondholders could take advantage and force back the canal upon us. Some propose that the Legislature should make an appropriation to aid in sustaining the canal; but it cannot be expected that the whole State would be willing to tax itself for our especial benefit. Another serious objection to this proposition is, that the State once commenced the system, it would be come a permanent and growing evil, causing the subsidence of the State, and involving us in an endless system of heavy taxation. Much as we desire the continuance of the canal, we should strenuously oppose any such legislation.

Mr. Craven, of Jefferson—a dangerous well-known man, and as always discussed as that side would warrant. It had the same vote that was given on the former bill, and it was decided that the Canal was not sufficient to keep it in repair.

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no means, it must necessarily be left to go into decay and ruin, and the damage to the whole region of country through which it runs, and to the people along the line, will be irreparable.

# R The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age, in Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

They won't help complaints, but they cure them. One box has cured Dyspepsia. These boxes have cured most cases of Scrofula. Two boxes always cure the Jaundice. Three boxes are sure to cleanse the system from Bilious Complaints. Two boxes have completely cured the worst of users on the legs. Small doses seldom fail to cure the Pills. One dose cures the headache arising from a full stomach. Strong doses often repeat every worm from the body. They should be given to children, who are always more or less afflicted with this complaint. As a gentle Pissive they have no equal. One bag cures derangement of the Liver. It has a brief course. The Liver is the blood, and thus strike at the foundation of every disease.

As a dinner Pill, they have no equal in the world. They are really vegetable, are easily digested, and contain a large amount of food. Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Practical Chemist, Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the country, and by WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

2m38

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, Jan. 22.

Wheat has advanced to 15 for white, 10 for red. Flour 5 50 a 5 75.

Corn 70 a 75; Buckwheat 40; Oats, 40 a 45.

Barley 60 a 70; Rye 75 Beans 75 a 100 Potatoes 65 a 75; Sweet— a —; Onions 75; Butter 15 a —; Cheese 8; Eggs 18 a —; Salt 20; Bacon 7; Lard 9 a —; Ham 8; Pork 4 60 a 525; Beef 3 a 4; Plaisted 100 a 12; Clover 5 50; Timothy 1 50 a —; Apples, green 1 50 a 2 00; dry 2 50 a 3 00; Wool, common, 22 a 26; fine, 28 a 34; white fish h-bl'd 40; pickled 4 25; trout 4 25; lake herring 4 00; Bass 4 00; Cranberries 2 00 a 2 75; Maple Sugar 10.

DIED.—This morning JOHN Read, youngest son of Hon. F. P. and Mary J. Randall, aged 2 years.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from Trinity Church, Service by Rev. Stephen H. Battin.

H. N. WARD,  
DIRECT IMPORTER OF  
Queensware, China, Glass,  
Looking-Glass, British Ware,  
Silver Plated Forks, Spoons & Tea Sets:

Ivory and Common Cutlery.

In Stewart's Store, in the Public Square,  
Columbus st., Fort Wayne.

All Goods to give satisfaction, or may be returned. Bills filled at the China and New York Precs.

Cash only.

All persons having claims will please present them in writing.

H. N. WARD.

DRIED FRUIT.

APPLES, Peaches, Pears, Cherries, and Raisins, for sale at

P. PIERRE'S

SUGAR—very low, by the barrel or retail.

S at

P. PIERRE'S

SYRUP and Prime Molasses, for sale at

P. PIERRE'S

G LASSWARE, for sale at

P. PIERRE'S

TABACCO, Snuff and Cigars, for sale by

P. PIERRE'S

FEATHERS for sale by

P. PIERRE'S

S. OPPENHEIMER,  
CUTLER and FINE GRINDER,

Will REPAIR and SHARPEN SHEARS

and RAZORS in a superior manner, and far better than it is done by Street Grinders.

A.

NEW BLADES

inserted into your Pocket-Knives, or the Finest Cast Steel—and neatly done, too.

A Gunsmith Shop

is connected with the above, where REPAIRING will be done in a workmanlike manner.

NEW GUNS

on hand, or made to order, and all work warranted.

Corner of Clinton and Columbia streets, below Times Printing Office.

Jan. 30.

A. II. FRANCISCUS,

No. 241 Market st.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

KERSEY the largest and best dressed Stock in Long and Carpet Coverings, Cotton Yarns, Biting Wadding, Twine, Covers, Yarn, Bed, Carpet, Wash Linen, Carpet, Linen, Cloth, Flannel, Cambric, Wash Cloth, White Cloth, etc.

Also a great variety of FLY N. T. SC., which is well at manufacturer's lowest cash prices.

Jan. 23.

Sheriff's Sale.

Washington et al. in the Allen Circuit Court, Indiana.

Andrew Meier, Esq.

Ezrah M. Meier.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court, in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction at the Court House door in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock p.m. on the 15th day of February, 1859, the rents and profits for a term not to exceed seven years of the following described premises, viz:

One acre and three rods, and twenty-eight (28) rods in the north part of the north

quarter of section twenty-eight (28), in township number 10, of range fourteen east, subject to the judgment, interest, and costs, with all the rents and profits, and retaining back by public auction which said rate is recorded in the Surveyor's office of said County, together with the grist mill and its appurtenances.

And in failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest, and costs, with the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the *fee simple* of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said execution.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

WITNESS, & M. A. A. Y.

Dec. 24, 1858. 4 25.

The above sale is postponed by order of the Plaintiff, until Saturday, February 12th, 1859, at noon hour and place.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

Jan. 21, 1859. 7 20.

Sheriff's Sale.

John F. Elgin, in the Allen Circuit Court, Indiana.

John F. Elgin.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction at the Court House door in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock p.m. on the 15th day of February, 1859, the rents and profits for a term not to exceed seven years of the following described premises, viz:

One acre and three rods, and twenty-eight (28) rods in the north part of the north

quarter of section twenty-eight (28), in township number 10, of range fourteen east, subject to the judgment, interest, and costs, with all the rents and profits, and retaining back by public auction which said rate is recorded in the Surveyor's office of said County, together with the grist mill and its appurtenances.

And in failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest, and costs, with the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the *fee simple* of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said execution.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

W. S. Smith, Atty.

Dec. 17th, 1858. 4 25.

The above sale is postponed until Saturday, January 25th, 1859, at the same hour and place.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

Jan. 15, 1859. 7 25.

Sheriff's Sale.

Henry R. Collier, in the Allen Circuit Court, Indiana.

D. F. Compere, et al. in the Allen Circuit Court, Indiana.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court, in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction at the Court House door in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock p.m. on the 15th day of February, 1859, the rents and profits for a term not to exceed seven years of the following described premises, viz:

One acre and three rods, and twenty-eight (28) rods in the north part of the north

quarter of section twenty-eight (28), in township number 10, of range fourteen east, subject to the judgment, interest, and costs, with all the rents and profits, and retaining back by public auction which said rate is recorded in the Surveyor's office of said County, together with the grist mill and its appurtenances.

And in failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest, and costs, with the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the *fee simple* of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said execution.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

W. S. Smith, Atty.

Dec. 20, 1859. 4 25.

The above sale is postponed by order of the Plaintiff, until Saturday, February 12th, 1859, at noon hour and place.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

Jan. 20, 1859. 7 30.

Sheriff's Sale.

John H. Jones, in the Court of Common Pleas, Indiana.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court, in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction at the Court House door in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock p.m. on the 15th day of February, 1859, the rents and profits for a term not to exceed seven years of the following described premises, viz:

One acre and three rods, and twenty-eight (28) rods in the north part of the north

quarter of section twenty-eight (28), in township number 10, of range fourteen east, subject to the judgment, interest, and costs, with all the rents and profits, and retaining back by public auction which said rate is recorded in the Surveyor's office of said County, together with the grist mill and its appurtenances.

And in failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest, and costs, with the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the *fee simple* of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said execution.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

W. S. Smith, Atty.

Dec. 21, 1859. 4 30.

The above sale is postponed until Saturday, January 26th, 1859, at the same hour and place.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

Jan. 15, 1859. 7 25.

Sheriff's Sale.

John H. Jones, in the Court of Common Pleas, Indiana.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court, in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction at the Court House door in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock p.m. on the 15th day of February, 1859, the rents and profits for a term not to exceed seven years of the following described premises, viz:

One acre and three rods, and twenty-eight (28) rods in the north part of the north

quarter of section twenty-eight (28), in township number 10, of range fourteen east, subject to the judgment, interest, and costs, with all the rents and profits, and retaining back by public auction which said rate is recorded in the Surveyor's office of said County, together with the grist mill and its appurtenances.

And in failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest, and costs, with the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the *fee simple* of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said execution.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

W. S. Smith, Atty.

Dec. 21, 1859. 4 30.

The above sale is postponed until Saturday, January 26th, 1859, at the same hour and place.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

Jan. 15, 1859. 7 25.

Sheriff's Sale.

John H. Jones, in the Court of Common Pleas, Indiana.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court, in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction at the Court House door in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock p.m. on the 15th day of February, 1859, the rents and profits for a term not to exceed seven years of the following described premises, viz:

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quarter of section twenty-eight (28), in township number 10, of range fourteen east, subject to the judgment, interest, and costs, with all the rents and profits, and retaining back by public auction which said rate is recorded in the Surveyor's office of said County, together with the grist mill and its appurtenances.

And in failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest, and costs, with the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the *fee simple* of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said execution.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

W. S. Smith, Atty.

Dec. 21, 1859. 4 30.

The above sale is postponed until Saturday, January 26th, 1859, at the same hour and place.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

Jan. 15, 1859. 7 25.

Sheriff's Sale.

John H. Jones, in the Court of Common Pleas, Indiana.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of said Court, in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction at the Court House door in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock p.m. on the 15th day of February, 1859, the rents and profits for a term not to exceed seven years of the following described premises, viz:

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quarter of section twenty-eight (28), in township number 10, of range fourteen east, subject to the judgment, interest, and costs, with all the rents and profits, and retaining back by public auction which said rate is recorded in the Surveyor's office of said County, together with the grist mill and its appurtenances.

## New Grocery & Iron Store!

Corner of Columbia and Barn Sts.  
HEDDEKIN & SON have just opened in their new store, north of the Heddekin House, a large and choice stock of the best.

### FAMILY GROCERIES.

Flour, Liqueurs and Jams, Coffe, Young Hops, Oompowder, and Black Teas; Polvorized Coffee and N. O. Sugar; Molasses and syrup; Cavendish Fine-Cut and Smoking Tobacco; Rice, Slaters, Corn, and Cane; Soap, Steel, Castor, Codlin, Mackerel, Box Candy, Peppermint, Cough and Cold, Sugar-Spices, Almonds, Fibers, &c.; Kishnas, Curants, Citrus, Spices, Pickles, Sardines, Pickles, Lem., Syrup, &c. A full stock of

### WOODEN WARE,

Tubs, Buckets, Churns, Washboards, &c.

### IRON, STEEL, & NAILS,

A heavy stock of all kinds and best quality. These goods have been personally selected in the best markets, and can be had at prices which you could confidently recommend to your customers, and having been bought for cast, on the most favorable terms, can and

### Will be Sold Low,

either at WHOLESALE or RETAIL. Those wanting a choice article are invited to call and examine. Goods delivered in any part of the city free of charge.

August 14, 1858.

## GOODS OPENING AT ORFF'S

### For the Fall Trade.

NICE COLD STRAW BONNETS  
just opened at C. ORFF'S.

NONET RUCHES AND BONNET  
Ribbons, Plumes and French Flowers, at C. ORFF'S.

BLACK VELVET AND SILK TRIM-  
mings, just opened and lower than ever, at C. ORFF'S.

BLK SILK & BLK SILK VELVET  
for Cloaks, at C. ORFF'S.

WHITE GOODS & EMBROIDERIES,  
Sleeves, Collars, Bands, Flouncing, Sets,

Edgings and Insertions, at C. ORFF'S.

5000 PIECES PRINTS just opened  
120 pieces Gingham just received, at C. ORFF'S.

BROWN & BLEACHED COTTON  
from 3 to 37 cts. per yard—3-4, 4-4, 5-  
6, 6-6, 7-7, 8-8, 9-9, 10-10, 11-11, 12-12, 13-13, 14-14, 15-15, 16-16, 17-17, 18-18, 19-19, 20-20, 21-21, 22-22, 23-23, 24-24, 25-25, 26-26, 27-27, 28-28, 29-29, 30-30, 31-31, 32-32, 33-33, 34-34, 35-35, 36-36, 37-37, 38-38, 39-39, 40-40, 41-41, 42-42, 43-43, 44-44, 45-45, 46-46, 47-47, 48-48, 49-49, 50-50, 51-51, 52-52, 53-53, 54-54, 55-55, 56-56, 57-57, 58-58, 59-59, 60-60, 61-61, 62-62, 63-63, 64-64, 65-65, 66-66, 67-67, 68-68, 69-69, 70-70, 71-71, 72-72, 73-73, 74-74, 75-75, 76-76, 77-77, 78-78, 79-79, 80-80, 81-81, 82-82, 83-83, 84-84, 85-85, 86-86, 87-87, 88-88, 89-89, 90-90, 91-91, 92-92, 93-93, 94-94, 95-95, 96-96, 97-97, 98-98, 99-99, 100-100, 101-101, 102-102, 103-103, 104-104, 105-105, 106-106, 107-107, 108-108, 109-109, 110-110, 111-111, 112-112, 113-113, 114-114, 115-115, 116-116, 117-117, 118-118, 119-119, 120-120, 121-121, 122-122, 123-123, 124-124, 125-125, 126-126, 127-127, 128-128, 129-129, 130-130, 131-131, 132-132, 133-133, 134-134, 135-135, 136-136, 137-137, 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582-582, 583-583, 584-584, 585-585, 586-586, 587-587, 588-588, 589-589, 590-590, 591-591, 592-592, 593-593, 594-594, 595-595, 596-596, 597-597, 598-598, 599-599, 600-600, 601-601, 602-602, 603-603, 604-604, 605-605, 606-606, 607-607, 608-608, 609-609, 610-610, 611-611, 612-612, 613-613, 614-614, 615-615, 616-616, 617-617, 618-618, 619-619, 620-620, 621-621, 622-622, 623-623, 624-624, 625-625, 626-626, 627-627, 628-628, 629-629, 630-630, 631-631, 632-632, 633-633, 634-634, 635-635, 636-636, 637-637, 638-638, 639-639, 640-640, 641-641, 642-642, 643-643, 644-644, 645-645, 646-646, 647-647, 648-648, 649-649, 650-650, 651-651, 652-652, 653-653, 654-654, 655-655, 656-656, 657-657, 658-658, 659-659, 660-660, 661-661, 662-662, 663-663, 664-664, 665-665, 666-666, 667-667, 668-668, 669-669, 670-670, 671-671, 672-672, 673-673, 674-674, 675-675, 676-676, 677-677, 678-678, 679-679, 680-680, 681-681, 682-682, 683-683, 684-684, 685-685, 686-686, 687-687, 688-688, 689-689, 690-690, 691-691, 692-692, 693-693, 694-694, 695-695, 696-696, 697-697, 698-698, 699-699, 700-700, 701-701, 702-702, 703-703, 704-704, 705-705, 706-706, 707-707, 708-708, 709-709, 710-710, 711-711, 712-712, 713-713, 714-714, 715-715, 716-716, 717-717, 718-718, 719-719, 720-720, 721-721, 722-722, 723-723, 724-724, 725-725, 726-726, 727-727, 728-728, 729-729, 730-730, 731-731, 732-732, 733-733, 734-734, 735-735, 736-736, 737-737, 738-738, 739-739, 740-740, 741-741, 742-742, 743-743, 744-744, 745-745, 746-746, 747-747, 748-748, 749-749, 750-750, 751-751, 752-752, 753-753, 754-754, 755-755, 75



SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1839.

**Who Lost Their?**—A couple of large brass keys, probably store keys, are lost at our office, by a gentleman who picked them up on the Wabash Valley Railroad, near the State Line. The owner can have them by applying at this office.

## Democratic Victory in the Legislative Elections!

**Breaking up of the Coalition between the Republicans and the Anti-Reciprocalists?**

The joint convention of the Legislature on Friday, the 14th inst., for the election of State Officers, resulted in the election of all the Democratic nominees. Unanimous were the proceedings, except in the election of the nomination of candidates, and the Republicans, confident of success, fired on the election, against the wishes of the Democrats. The Anti-Reciprocalists, who have hitherto acted with the Republicans, formed their new allies, and voted with the Democrats. The result was the election of the Democratic candidates, and the utter and unexpected defeat of the opposition. Though some of the successful candidates are not exactly the men we could have wished, yet to the whole we are inclined to be satisfied with the result, as it shows an abandonment of the unity coalition entered into by certain Democrats with the opposition, and leaves room to hope that all past differences are now forgotten, and henceforth the Democratic party in the State will be united and act as an unit.

The State Sentinel says:—"The complete success of yesterday we regard as a prelude of success in 1839. To secure a Democratic triumph, it only requires that past issues should be discarded, and in the future a recognition of the rights of every Element to all the privileges and honors of his party."

The successful candidates are all Democrats, and will be found faithfully upholding the Democratic banner. They all possess, too, the Jeffersonian qualifications of capacity, integrity and faithfulness to the Constitution. They will faithfully fulfil the various trusts with credit to themselves and their party, and with honor to the State. We congratulate the Democracy of Indiana on the triumph over Reciprocalism—a sentiment which will find a responsive echo in the heart of every Democrat. We have obtained not a barren but a fruitful victory. The following is the result of the election in joint convention:

On the first ballot Grafton F. Conkley, of Vigo county, Thomas M. Brown, of Pier, and Samuel H. Baskin, of Monroe, were elected Directors of the State Prison.

On the first ballot James H. Bryant, of Marion, was elected State Librarian.

On the sixth ballot Richard Raleigh, of Vandalia, was elected Trustee of the Wabash and Erie Canal.

On the first ballot Colonel John C. Walker, of Laporte, was elected State Printer.

The name of Aquilla Jones was then withdrawn by Hon. Smith Jones, as a candidate for Agent of State, who substituted therefor that of James A. Crenson, of Washington county. Mr. Grayson was elected on the first ballot.

A bill having been passed by the Legislature, establishing a board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, on Thursday last, Mr. P. M. Dampier was elected President, and P. M. Parks, J. F. Carr, R. L. McClelland, and J. A. Hameroller, members of the board of Sinking Fund Commissioners. These gentlemen, from the present board, had all been reelected by very decided majorities.

**Legislature.**—A large number of bills have been introduced in both Houses, but as yet few have been passed. A bill prohibiting parades for the issue and circulation of unauthorized paper currency has passed the House. A memorial to the U. S. Senate, setting forth the Republicans view of the election of Messrs. Bright & Fitch, and praying the admission of the Indiana Senators elected at the extra session, has been adopted by both Houses. Bills for abolishing the Court of Common Pleas, amending the charter of the Bank of the State—regulating and restraining the rate of interest—repealing the act authorizing the formation of companies for the apprehension of horse-thieves—making the charging of unallowable interest a misdemeanor, and various bills on other subjects, have been offered, and referred to appropriate committees.

On Friday, in the Senate, Mr. Hamilton offered a resolution, which was adopted, that the Committee on Finance inquire into the expediency of prohibiting all offices of State holding public money from leaving the State, and also providing by law where the public funds shall be deposited.

**Another Legislative Party.**—Our present Legislature are great in forces. Not content with the Senatorial force they enacted at the extra session, they on Wednesday last, in accordance with a joint resolution, assembled in joint convention for the purpose of selecting a petition from the ladies of Wayne Co. on the subject of women's rights. The House was filled with ladies so much so that no room was left for the Senators who came to play their part in the session. The petition was presented by Mrs. Thomas, who read a written address to it in favor. The other members of the丈丈—Mrs. Bardsell and Mrs. Cook—also addressed the Legislature. The Senator then withdrew, but the ladies kept possession; whereupon, a member moved that the House adjourn, and that the meeting resolve itself into a love feast, which was carried. A lively time now ensued, and many sweet things were said, besides many others that had better be left unsaid.

For the honor of the women of our State, as well as our Legislature, we hope no more such assemblies will be tolerated.

**Bank of the State of Indiana.**

A bill has been introduced into the Legislature, proposing to repeal the charter of the Bank of the State of Indiana. This measure is entirely unenacted and unpassed, and we look upon it as being merely got up for effect and to create political capital. So far as we can judge, the people of the state are entirely satisfied with the Bank; we hear no complaints against it, nor have we noticed any of the papers in the state asking for its abolition. The Bank is probably a good one as can be created, and its managers have the entire confidence of the community. So long as banking in any form is to be tolerated, it would be better to sustain a sound, reliable institution like this, than to subject community to the degradations of the wildcats, either in our own or other states, which would sure to take its place. The charter of the Bank has been decided by our Supreme Court to be constitutional, and there may be some doubts of the power of the Legislature to repeal the charter, at least without some tangible reasons can be given for such a course, or some evidence shown that the Bank has violated the laws of the state or the provisions of its act of incorporation. No such complaint has been made, and therefore we object to the proposed action of the Legislature.

The State Sentinel publishes the opinion of the Supreme Court, sustaining the constitutionality of the charter of the Bank, and says:—"The do-

culation was made open an appeal from the Marion Circuit Court in a suit brought to test the validity of the act of incorporation, and reviews all the points raised which were deemed inconsistent with the Constitution. This opinion of the Court of last resort is important and interesting just now, as the question of a repeal of the charter is in the Legislature on account of alleged infirmities, both in the passage of the law incorporating the bank and in the subsequent organization of the institution under the charter. The Court decides that neither of these objections, or any which were brought to its notice, were sufficient to invalidate the act of incorporation."

## Proposed Abandonment of the Canal.

The Canal Trustees have submitted a report to the Legislature, showing that the revenues of the Wabash and Erie Canal have not, for the past two years, been sufficient to keep it in repair. There was a deficiency of \$80,000 last year, and about \$80,000 in 1837. The deficiency for the coming year is estimated at \$75,000. The Trustees say that unless some other provision be made for the support of the canal, as they have no means, it must necessarily be left to go in decay and ruin, and the damage to the whole country through which it runs, and to the people along the line, will be irreparable. They allude to the great property interests which have grown up under and in connection with the canal during nearly twenty years that the larger portion of it has been in operation—\$75,000, warehouses, manufacturers, boats, &c., &c.

It is said the Trustees have discharged all or most of the employees on the canal, and that no more sum is to be afforded by the Legislature the canal will be abandoned. This action however, does not come without its difficulties, as the canal is the chief means of communication between the two sections of the country, and the damage to the whole country through which it runs, and to the people along the line, will be irreparable. They allude to the great property interests which have grown up under and in connection with the canal during nearly twenty years that the larger portion of it has been in operation—\$75,000, warehouses, manufacturers, boats, &c., &c.

A general opinion seems to exist that we must have the Canal and the expenditures of public money a greater check, a more stringent enactment. This I shall most decidedly favor, and support by my vote.

I hope in my next to be able to give you a more favorable account of our doings, and that we may have made some advance in enacting such laws as are now required.

Vicksburg, A. M.

INDIANAPOLIS, 17th Jan., 1839.

THOMAS THOMAS, Esq.

Dear Sir:—The Senate adjourned over Saturday until 2 o'clock P. M. today, giving me this morning leisure to address you again. Since I wrote you last, I learned some of the causes why our friend and townsmen, Mr. Randolph, did not succeed in getting nominated for one of the Directors of the State Prison. It appears another democrat from a neighboring county was a candidate for the same place, and his friend was anxious to secure it for him, which so far was entirely correct. I knew this, and the delegates from our county said nothing in opposition to that gentleman. I regret to tell you it was not so with his friend; but it is to be expected that the whole State would be willing to tax itself for our especial benefit. Another serious objection to this proposition is, that if the State once commenced the system, it would be a permanent and growing evil, consuming the substance of the State, and helping us in an endless system of heavy taxation. Much as we desire the continuance of the canal, we should strenuously oppose any such legislative act.

It seems to us, that the Canal might, in economical and judicious hands, be made a safe, sustaining institution, and if the Trustees feel unable longer to carry it on, in the best thing they could do would be to lease it to some private company, who would bind themselves to keep it in repair and in good running condition. Such a company could easily be found and under their management we have no doubt whatever that the canal could be kept up. The present management is altogether too expensive—their expenses are many high salaries paid, and too little attention given to the interest of the canal. It is in the hands of a private company the case would be different. The high salaries and useless offices would be out of the way, a watchful vigilance would be exercised, and the simplest economy practiced. The canal would be made to pay its own way, and we believe would also yield a dividend to its managers.

If the Trustees cannot keep it up, the best thing for them to do, is to lease it to those who can, and not seek to involve the state in the consequences of their bad management. If they refuse to do this, and allow the canal to become useless—abandon it to decay and ruin—would they not thereby forfeit all their right to it? They took and have all the ungodly lands granted by the general government for the purpose of constructing and keeping up the canal, and are bound to comply with the terms of the grant. If they fail or refuse, then it will be for the state to interfere; but until that is done, it would be well to be cautious in legislating on the subject. We have but little fear of the abandonment of the canal, and look upon the threat as a mere ploy of cunning on the part of Mr. Butler to drive the state to make a new bargain with him. He succeeded once in enlisting our Legislature, and now that the bargain has not proved as profitable as he anticipated, he seeks to drive another trade with them. He will probably find the Legislature of 1839 not quite as easily led as that of 1846 was.

The members from the counties lying on the northern part of the canal, the Canal Commissioners, and the Canal Trustee, sent some of the northern to the meeting of the Canal Commissioners at Terre Haute.

It is a lengthy and important document. The subject is treated in one of the deepest interest to the Wabash Valley and to Fort Wayne. I cannot remember much of its details, having merely heard it read from the Secretary's desk. It leads to an as if they wanted the state to assume the control of the Canal. They cannot afford it; nor fear it might give the other banks additional claims upon the State. I will transmit the report as soon as it is printed, so that the people may see and judge. I cannot consent to be in any way on this Canal board, until I learn the wishes of those whom I represent, and that through public means.

I was very pleased to see that the bill to amend the Canal was introduced, and was fully supported by all the friends of the canal.

The bill, however, did not pass, but it did not fail to do its duty.

Mr. W. H. Hulbert, of Vicksburg, introduced a bill to amend the Canal, and inserting "Protests of the Bank and Douglass against the bill of the Bank of the Wabash and the Canal.

The bill was introduced all day, and overruled by amendments, and was left in this condition when the hour of adjournment arrived. Messrs. Bigler and Wilson, and others took part in the debate, and all the friends of the bill were in the minority.

The bill was then adjourned until Monday morning 9 o'clock.

The House of Representatives did not sit to day.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.

SENATE.

The Pacific R. R. bill was called up as a special order.

Another discussion arose whether it or the private calendar should be taken up in favor of the former.

The bill was then adjourned until the 1st of February.

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WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.

SENATE.

**B** The Greatest Heretic Discourse of the Age, is  
Ayer's **Cathartic Pills**.

"They won't help complaints, but  
they cure them."

One box lined Dyna-pills.

Three boxes have cured the worst cases of Scrofula.

Two boxes have cured the most difficult cases.

One box cures the most difficult cases.

Three boxes are sure to cleanse the system from

Bile—often less than one box.

Two boxes have completely cured the worst of

uric acid on the lungs.

One box cures the headache arising from a full

stomach.

Strong doses have repeated effect every worn from

the body.

The doctor who gives to children, who are always

more or less afflicted with this disease.

A few small Pills have no side effects.

One box cures the disease of the Liver.

Half a box cures C. & C.

Two boxes cure the heart, and they strike at the

foundation of every disease.

As a dinner Pil. that is not to be equalled in the world.

They are really vegetable, and can do no harm.

but no medicine can be compared to them.

Prescribed by Dr. J. G. AYER, Medical Chemist,

Lowell, Mass., and sold by Ayer's Patent Druggists

in Medicine throughout this country and by

DR. REED & CO.

MEYER & BROTHER.

COMMERCIAL.

Port Wayne, Saturday, Jan. 22.

Wharf has advanced to 1 1/2 for white, 1 10

for red. Flours 5 50 & 7 50.

Corn 70 75; Buckwheat 40; Oats, 40 & 45.

Barley 60 65; Rye 75; Beans 75 & 100; Potatoes

65 & 75; Sweet—*a*—; Onions 75; Butter 15 50;

Cheese 8; Eggs 18 a—; Salt 20 25;

Bacon 7; Lard 9 a—; Ham 8; Pork 4 00;

5 25; Beets 3 4 1/2; Phosphated 10 00 & 12 25; Cloves

5 50; Timothy 1 50 a—; Apples, green 1 50

2 00; dry 2 50 3 00; Wool, common, 22 25;

flax 28 35; white fish oil 4 50; pickled

meat 4 25; trout 4 25; lake herring 4 00; Bass

4 50; Cruciferous 2 50 & 3 75; Maple Sugar 10

W.D.

DIED.—This morning John READ, youngest

son of Hon. F. P. and Mary J. Randall, aged

2 years.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from Trinity Church, Services by Rev. Stephen H. Bath.

## H. N. WARD,

DIRECT IMPORTER OF

Queensware, China, Glass,

Looking-Glass, Britan Ware,

Silver-Plated Wares, Spoons, & Teasets;

Ivory and Common Cutlery.

In Stewart's Store, opposite the Public Square,

125 Congress St., Port Wayne.

All Goods to receive attention, and may be returned

by the Postmaster and New York P. O.

At present having claims will please present

them here.

H. N. WARD,

DRIED FRUIT.

Apples, Peaches, Pears, Grapes, and Raisins,

At our store.

STALKS—very low, by the barrel or bushel.

P. PIERRE.

SYRUP and Prime Molasses, for sale by

C. MERR.

GLASSWARE, for sale at

P. PIERRE.

TABACCO, Snuff, and Cigars, for sale by

P. PIERRE.

FEATHERS for sale by

P. PIERRE.

S. OPPENHEIMER,

CUTLER and FINE GRINDER,

WII REPAIR and SHARPEN SHEARS

and RAZORS in an expert manner, and for

cheaper than it is done by Street Grinders.

Also,

NEW BLADES

inserted into your Pocket-Knives, and neatly done, too.

A Gunsmith Shop

is connected with the above, where REPAIR-

ING will be done in a workmanlike manner.

NEW GUNS

on hand, or made to order, and all work

executed.

Ordering of Gun and Columbian Streets,

below Times Printing Office.

John H. FRANCIS.

No. 241 Market St.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

KEPIS the instant and best quality Stock

in Europe, Extra Clean and Clean Yarn

Wool, Padding, Twills, Gauze, Yarn, Cashmere,

Wool, Linen, Hairs, and all kinds of

articles, made in the best quality.

Also, hats, caps, & hats.

January 22.

Sheriff's Sale.

Samuel Ward, in the Court of Common

Pl. of Allen County, Indiana.

Charles Baker.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and de-

livered by the Clerk of said Court, I have

executed cause, I have levied upon and will

execute by Public Auction, at the Court House door

in said County, between the hours of one and four

P. M., of the 15th day of January, 1859, the

rents and profits for a term not exceeding

seven years, of the following described premises:

One acre of land, fronting on the

W. side of the N. 10th Street, in the city of

Port Wayne, Indiana.

Also, a building, 28' x 38', with a

garage, 12' x 20', and a

stable, 12' x 20', and a

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## New Grocery & Iron Store!

Corner of Columbia and Barr Sts.  
EDDIE & SON have just opened in their new  
store, part of the Hebrew House, a large and  
choice stock of the best.

### FAIRY GROCERIES.

No. 1, Liqueurs and Jax Cuff; Young Honey,  
Ginger and Black Tea; Novelties, Coffees  
and N. & S. S. S. and other Liqueurs  
and Sodas; Tobacco; Pipe, Cigarettes,  
cigar and Candy Soap, Starch, Canola, Coddish,  
Mackarel, Bed Cords and Papers, Confectionaries,  
Sugar Sunda, Almonds, Fifties, Rice, Raisins, Cur-  
ries, Cinnam, Spices, Eggs, Pickles, Lem-  
ons, &c. &c. All kinds of

### WOODEN WARE,

Tables, Boxes, Canvases, Washboards, &c.  
IRON, STEEL, & NAILS,  
a heavy stock of all kinds and best quality.  
These goods have been largely selected in the  
best markets, and are of lasting quality, and  
should be sufficiently recommended. Their cost  
and having been bought for each, on the most  
favorable terms, can and

### Will be Sold Low:

either WHOLE or BY THE PAIR. Those want-  
ing to purchase articles are invited to call and examine.  
Goods delivered in any part of the city free of  
charge.

August 14, 1853.

EXPENSIVE CHINTZ—12,000 yards of fall  
and Prints for Olds a yard, for sale by

Sept. 8th, 1853. W. T. ABBOTT

### ELM PARK

### NURSERY!

THE proprietors of this old and well established  
Nursery, his lessors, and the gentry of the  
country, and the public in general, will be gratified  
to learn that we offer at low rates, con-  
sidering in part of the following varieties:

Berry New Pine 37 lbs per dozen.  
Boston Pine 29  
Hovey's Seedling 29  
Large Early Scarlet 29  
W. Hovey's Seedling 29  
Mormon Pine 29  
Iowa 29

Oak, a new and valuable species, a prod-  
uct of Longworth's Soil, and McLean's Spruce. Ex-  
cellently suited for a 50 per cent. tree. Three should now  
be selected to a partial crop next year. Every  
owner of a small in large part of ground may be  
a little care and attention raise Spruce-trees—the  
most luxuriant of all trees—in abundance.

We also offer a large and excellent collec-  
tion of Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants,  
usually low. Terms of sale cash or satisfactory  
references.

LOOMIS & FLETCHER,  
Elm Park, August 30, 1853. 46

L. FALK,  
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN  
Foreign & Domestic Liquors  
AND CIGARS.

116 Columbia Street, Fort Wayne, 40

### DANIEL MADEE,

Fashionable Tailor and Draper,  
Over Evans & Co's Store, Cor. Main &  
Cathedral Sts.

HAVING purchased the business of Mr. J. R.  
White, the author of the "Style in Tailoring,"  
regularly received and strictly followed. A share of public  
confidence will be, in itself, no pains will be  
spared to secure the best of workmanship, war-  
ranted, and charges reasonable.

Cleaning and Repairing attended to on the short-  
est notice.

A good assortment of  
Clothes, Cusinieres, Vestings, and  
Trimmings.

D. MADEE,  
July 30, 1853. 48

NEW CARPETING!  
AT THE

Boston Dry Good Store,  
25 Pines of new style CARPETS, from 32. to  
72. per yard may be found at  
July 30th, 1853. ABBOTT.

C. L. HILL  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,  
Bookseller & Stationer,  
Cathedral St, Fort Wayne.

School, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books;  
Writing, Wrapping and Printing Papers;  
Fancy Articles, &c.  
Piano, Melodeon, Organ, and other MUSICAL  
INSTRUMENTS. BOOK BINDING promptly executed.

A CARD.

We have this opportunity of saying to our  
customers and the public, that we now have  
in store one of the largest and best stocked stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

ever offered by us in this market.

Our facilities for buying in the Eastern Market  
are unequalled, and our store, in every  
respect, will be found complete in every  
department, and we invite the attention of Merchants  
in town or country, Farmers, Mechanics, and the pub-  
lic in general, to give us a call, and we assure them  
our care will be given to their Goods in our line, at  
our Wholesale or Retail,

as cheap as they can be afforded in this market.

One Price, and no abstraction.

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

105 State St., Fort Wayne.

P. GATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse  
and Mill lately occupied by Little & McCollum  
are prepared to do a

Commission & Forwarding Business,  
and will promptly attend to all goods and pro-  
duce, sent to them.

Supplies FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly  
on hand.

The highest Market Price paid for grain &  
produc

Fort Wayne 18th, 1853. 46

EMPIRE MILLS,  
AT St. Mary's Aqueduct,  
FORT WAYNE.

THE proprietors having taken the Sault Mills,  
recently occupied by E. Edson, are prepared to do  
a general Milling and Custom Business. Flour  
delivered in any part of the City free of charge. Orders  
can be left either at the Mill or at Our's Store, No. 3  
Cathedral Street, Fort Wayne.

The high Market Price paid for grain &  
produc

Fort Wayne 18th, 1853. 46

PRINTING INK.

JUST RECEIVED AT HILL'S BOOK STORE, 66  
Supply of Lightbody's celebrated News Ink  
in 32d, 36d, and 40d sizes.

Cathedral Street, Fort Wayne.

DRESS GOODS.

New Plain Drapery for 15 per yard.  
New Style Drapery at 18 per yard.

Extra quality Drapery, 20 per yard,  
Robert's, and other prices.

English Merino from 35 to 75 per yard.

French Merino, all colors.  
Rich Pindar for 20 and 25 cts.

Also 1,000 pieces new style Drapery, and a great  
variety of Plain Drapery for winter dresses, this day

arrived.

W. T. ABBOTT'S

LADIES MERINO VESTS,  
LONG and short sleeves, extra quality and very  
fine sizes, not received.

W. T. ABBOTT'S

SILKS, SHIRTS.

A NEW lot of handsome Fancy Silks, Al-

mond, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inch blocks, various  
silk and cotton, just received and for sale by

W. T. ABBOTT'S

FAIRFIELD MUSLIN. The best and cheapest  
soft flannel bleached Muslin in Fort Wayne can  
always be found at ABBOTT'S, that's all we have

will be ladies.

## GOODS OPENING AT ORFF'S

### For the Fall Trade.

NICE COLD STRAW HORNETS  
just opened at C. ORFF'S.

BONNET RUCHES AND BONNET  
Ribbons, Flowers and French Flowers at  
C. ORFF'S.

BLACK VELVET AND SILK TRIM-  
mings, just opened and lower than ever.

OFFICES, C. ORFF'S.

BULK SILK & BULK SILK VELVET  
OFFICES.

WHITE GOODSMERCHANTS  
Sleepers, Collars, Bands, Flannel, Sets,  
Edgings and Insertions, at

5000 PIECES PRINTS just opened,  
120 pieces Ginghams, 1000 OFFICES.

BROWN & BEACHED COTTON,  
from 5 to 32 cts. per yard, 24, 34, 54,  
64, 74, 84, 94, 104, 114, 124, 134, 144, 154,  
164, 174, 184, 194, 204, 214, 224, 234, 244, 254,  
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